

67515 to 67519.

From Java. Seeds obtained by David Fairchild, agricultural explorer, Bureau of Plant Industry, with the Allison V. Armour expedition. Received June 11, 1926.

67515. GARCINIA MANGOSTANA L. Clusiaceae. Mangosteen.

No. 771. Karangpandan. May 8, 1926. Locally grown seeds.

67516 and 67517. LANSIUM DOMESTICUM Jack. Meliaceae. Langsat.

For previous introduction see No. 61899.

67518. No. 771. Karangpandan. May 8, 1926. Seeds from the largest fruit I have ever seen.

67517. No. 771. Karangpandan. May 8, 1926. A very large-fruited variety.

67518 and 67519. CAPSICUM ANNUM L. Solanaceae. Red pepper.

67518. No. 780. May 10, 1926. A strikingly brilliant rather long slender variety which is sold both green and ripe at the Kediri market.

67519. No. 781. Obtained at the market in Kediri, May 10, 1926. A small very hot variety used extensively in making "Rys Tavel."

67520 to 67526. GOSSYPIMUM spp. Malvaceae. Cotton.

From Trinidad, British West Indies. Seeds obtained from the Trinidad Imperial College of Tropical Agriculture through A. E. Longley, Bureau of Plant Industry. Received June 19, 1926.

67520 and 67521. GOSSYPIMUM BRASILIENSE Macfad.

67520. Trinidad red kidney cotton.

67521. Variety *apospermum*. A yellow-flowered shrub, usually about 4 feet high, native to Brazil.

67522. GOSSYPIMUM CERNUUM Todaro.

An erect bush, 3 feet high, cultivated in India. The flowers are pale sulphur yellow, and the petals are marked with a purple spot.

67523. GOSSYPIMUM NEGLECTUM Todaro.

Cawnpore. A cotton cultivated in certain parts of India and closely related to *Gossypium arboreum*, but less arborescent.

67524. GOSSYPIMUM OBTUSIFOLIUM Roxb.

Himbury. A shrubby, much-branched plant, with small three-lobed leaves and three-celled capsules with three seeds in each cell.

67525. GOSSYPIMUM PUNCTATUM Schum. and Thom.

Variety *laciniatum*. A wild cotton found in tropical America and also in central and western Africa. It is described (Watt, Wild and Cultivated Cottons of the World) as a shrub with hairy three-lobed leaves and yellow flowers spotted with purple. The wool is pure white and silky.

For previous introduction see No. 62597.

67526. GOSSYPIMUM PURPURASCENS Poir.

Trinidad red leaf. A tropical American shrub, 6 to 10 feet high, with purplish branches, three-lobed leaves, and sulphur-yellow flowers.

67527. GARCINIA MANGOSTANA L. Clusiaceae. Mangosteen.

From Java. Seeds obtained by David Fairchild, agricultural explorer, Bureau of Plant Industry, with the Allison V. Armour expedition. Received June 28, 1926.

No. 786. Seeds from medium-sized fruits obtained in the market in Soerabaya, May 17, 1926.

67528. HEVEA BRASILIENSIS (H. B. K.) Muell. - Arg. Euphorbiaceae. Para rubber tree.

From Port au Prince, Haiti. Seeds obtained through O. F. Cook, Bureau of Plant Industry. Received June 8, 1926.

The Para rubber tree, native to Brazil and now extensively cultivated in the East Indies, has always ranked as the principal and most important rubber-producing tree of the world. In 1922 the world's production of rubber amounted to 379,200 tons, of which 354,980 tons, or 93 per cent, came from this source.

For previous introduction see No. 64542.

67529. CORYNOCARPUS LAEVIGATA Forst. Corynocarpaceae. Karaka.

From Avondale, Auckland, New Zealand. Seeds presented by H. R. Wright. Received May 20, 1926.

A large, handsome tree with oblong glossy laurel-like leaves 3 to 7 inches long and small white flowers in erect panicles about 4 inches long. The pulp of the orange fruits, about an inch long, is extremely poisonous, but the kernel was one of the staple articles of diet of the Maoris, the original inhabitants of New Zealand, where this tree is native.

67530 to 67533.

From Nigeria, Africa. Seeds presented by H. Caracciolo, Port of Spain, Trinidad, British West Indies. Received May 27, 1926.

67530. ALBIZZIA WELWITSCHII Oliver. Mimosaceae.

A tropical African leguminous tree, 40 to 50 feet high, with a spreading crown and attractive feathery foliage.

67531. ANNONA SQUAMOSA L. Annonaceae. Sugar apple.

A special variety. (*Caracciolo*.)

For previous introduction see No. 51015.

67532. CHRYSOPHYLLUM CAINITO L. Sapotaceae. Caimito.

White star apple. A large handsome West Indian tree, with striking dark-green leaves which are copper colored underneath. The smooth round purplish fruit is four seeded. In an unripe state the fruit contains a sticky white latex, but when fully matured the white transparent jellylike substance surrounding the seeds is sweet and agreeable. This is well worth cultivating as an ornamental shade tree.

For previous introduction see No. 51814.

67533. PTEROSPERMUM ACERIFOLIUM (L.) Willd. Sterculiaceae.

A large Burmese tree, with very large oval leathery leaves, white or gray beneath, and long fragrant fleshy yellow flowers.